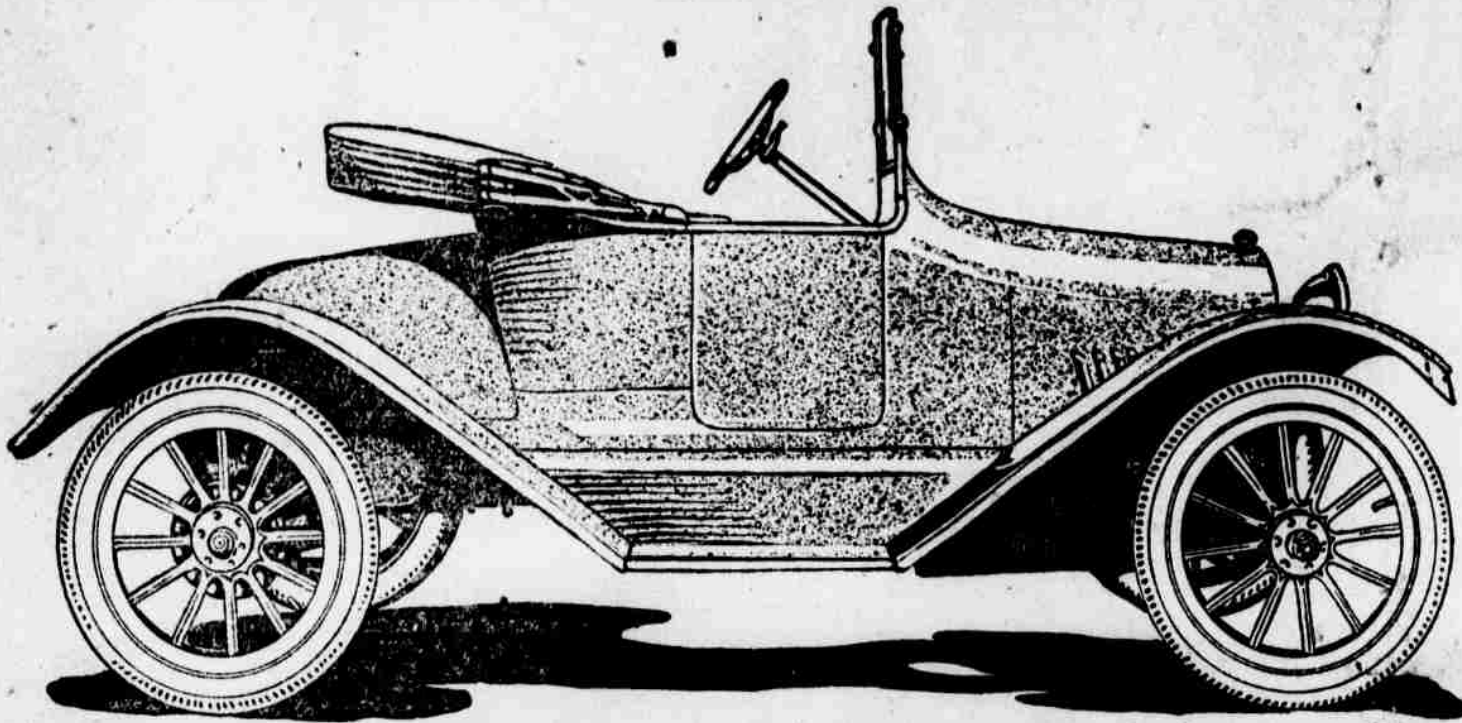


## Purchase The Chevrolet



**THE CAR MADE IN ST. LOUIS**  
The Car for Service. Reasonable in Price. Minimum in Cost of Upkeep.  
**PAUL P. ROSENTRATER**  
Ironton, Mo. Local Agent.

# FORD

The Universal Car

320,817

Have been built and actually delivered to retail buyers since August 1, 1916.  
These figures—320,817—represent the actual number of cars manufactured by us  
since August 1st, 1916, and delivered by our agents to retail buyers.

This unusual fall and winter demand for Ford cars makes it necessary for us to  
confine the distribution of cars only to those agents who have orders for immed-  
iate delivery to retail customers, rather than to permit any agent to stock cars  
in anticipation of later spring sales.

We are issuing this notice to intending buyers that they may protect themselves  
against delay or disappointment in securing Ford cars. If, therefore, you are  
planning to purchase a Ford car, we advise you to place your order and  
take delivery now.

Immediate orders will have prompt attention.

Delay in buying at this time may cause you to wait several months.

Enter your order today for immediate delivery with our authorized Ford agent  
listed below and don't be disappointed later on.

PRICES:  
Runabout \$245; Touring Car \$300; Coupelet \$305  
Town Car \$360; Sedan \$445; L. C. B. Detroit

Ford Motor Company

FLETCHER & BARGER, Agents, Ironton, Mo.

### DR. PATTON ANSWERS.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., June 18, 1917.  
Editor Register—Your paper of  
issue June 14th, contained an article  
from Mr. Otto Lueddecke, of Pilot  
Knob, Missouri, and from what he had  
to say in defense of the Kaiser, it is  
natural to believe that your corres-  
pondent looks upon Captain von Pa-  
pen as one of the Apostles, and upon  
the Emperor as God.

If Mr. Lueddecke were a bona fide  
American, he would condemn rather  
than approve the insulting reference  
to the American people made by  
Dynamiter von Papen.

What von Papen did as a German  
official in Washington is a part of the  
propaganda which has caused the civ-  
ilized world to look upon the Kaiser  
and his band as outlaws and as a  
menace to the world.

By inference Mr. Lueddecke brands  
the "purported poem," or Kaiser von  
Hindenburg verses, as false, idiotic,  
unfair, ungentlemanly, unjust, and  
prompted by hatred.

As I understand it, poetry in its  
widest sense is that which is the  
product of the imaginative powers  
and fancy. The verses, then, can  
not be regarded as a poem, but as a  
plain statement of facts, with a weak  
effort at rhyme, said facts having  
been gleaned from reading many of  
the leading newspapers, and maga-  
zines published in America. No part  
of these verses was the result of  
the imagination on the part of the  
writer thereof; and if falsehood has  
in any way been indulged in, then von  
Lueddecke is the offending party.

There is no right or reason why this  
gentleman (?) should charge untruth  
and idiocy in those verses. Here is  
the milk in the cocoanut: He is so  
saturated with pro-Germanism, it is  
so paramount in his composition that  
he cannot believe—or will not see any  
evil in the people who boast so freely  
of "kultur."

Judging from what Maximilian  
Harden, the noted German editor, said  
in a recent issue of his paper, and  
was reproduced in the metropolitan  
newspapers in the United States,  
the masses of Germany do not approve  
of the criminal course being pursued  
by the German Kaiser. There may be  
people living in the United States  
who sanction the German program,  
but they are not here to help build a  
greater United States than we now  
have, but they are here because they  
are here. It may be true that there  
are people living in this country who  
earn more money, and are more  
respected than they would be on their  
native heath, and yet some of them  
despise the name America, and pray  
that as a nation it will soon perish  
from the earth.

But if there are such people, they  
are no worse than some of the Ger-  
man Kaiser's official representatives  
to this country were. But as Missouri  
survives the James boys, this nation  
can forget the diplomats who came  
from Berlin, supposedly to represent  
a nation, but who were found sneak-  
ing in our official pantry, and foment-  
ing sedition. They have gone, of  
course, and the feeling left behind  
is similar to that of the Good Samaritan  
who took in the stranger and later  
found that the doorman, bearing the  
word, "welcome," had been stolen.

Many of the exponents of pro-Ger-  
manism, as it was set out in the  
propaganda maintained in this coun-  
try by the Kaiser's Government for  
many months, are timidly showing

their faces. This gang has been cow-  
ardly but discreetly silent, and some-  
times they were mildly patriotic, at  
least in word; even going so far at  
times in their hypocrisy as to wear a  
flag on the lapel, or pasted on the  
shirt collar. But now they are grow-  
ing somewhat more bold; they are  
beginning to lift their voices in dis-  
cussion at the corner grocery, or by  
writing to the newspapers, criticizing,  
censuring our Government for its  
active work in war preparation;  
croaking about taxes, or the high cost  
of living, and gradually working  
around to the original position of pro-  
nounced and unyielding opposition to  
everything favorable to America, and  
unfavorable to Germany. Under the  
pretense of neutrality they have di-  
seminated among the people traitor-  
ous ideas, which are calculated to in-  
cite and stimulate trouble of the most  
serious nature; and which are gener-  
ally mischievous in their effects, to say  
the least.

The attempts of the unpatriotic and  
disloyal to deter or prevent the work  
of preparation by the administration,  
no matter under what pretext their  
efforts may put forth, should be sat  
on now, and for all time.

We should have no respect for any  
man who lives in this country, and  
who enjoys the freedom and protec-  
tion symbolized by the Stars and  
Stripes, who claims to be neutral in  
these unsettled and distressing times,  
when at the same time he breathes  
and cherishes the most bitter hatred  
for everything American, save, per-  
haps, the food he eats and the clothes  
he wears. There can be no middle  
ground; there is no neutral station;  
we are either Americans or we are  
not Americans. To be a good Amer-  
ican we must be loyal to the precepts  
of the nation. When a traitor is  
found among us there are two alter-  
natives: either confine him or banish  
him for all time.

What Mr. Lueddecke had to say  
about Admiral Dewey being forced  
to apologize for not refuting the  
story that a German Admiral at Ma-  
nila Bay attempted to interfere with  
the American fleet, is amusing. The  
story is contained in "Dewey's  
Memoirs," which were written by the  
late Admiral. Instead of being forced  
to repudiate it, every utterance made  
by Dewey was substantiated by the son  
of the famous German admiral, all  
of which was published at that time,  
and which Mr. Lueddecke knows to be  
true, if he is at all familiar with the  
story. Von Lueddecke of Pilot Knob  
shows what type of an Amer-  
ican he is when he sneers at Admiral  
Dewey and his fleet. The life of Dewey  
needs no apologies. He was typical  
of true Americans, and the fact that  
even as far back as Manila Bay he re-  
sented an inspired affront from "Me  
und Gott" stamps him as a typical  
red-blooded American. If von Lued-  
decke has so little respect for the  
United States, and so much for Ger-  
many, why does he not say good bye?

He hopes that "our country may be  
delivered of authors of this kind," in  
referring to the Hindenburg verses,  
will not be realized. Before this little  
unpleasantness across the pond has  
reached a finality this gentleman (?)  
will probably have many things to  
read, and perhaps many things hap-  
pen him, that will tend to disturb his  
equilibrium much more than those  
verses about the arch-butcher, Billy  
and Von. There is no doubt the  
Kaiser soon will lose the last of the  
very strong conserving influences

that have so wonderfully maintained  
him in his vicious and inhuman as-  
saults upon civilization. He has al-  
ready passed the maximum of his  
greatness, success, and power. He  
will not realize his fond hope of  
"Deutschland uber alles."

W. C. PATTON, M. D.

### Thoughts of Long Ago.

On Sunday, June 10th, 1917, we had  
the pleasure of meeting with our  
many friends and relatives once more  
on Carver Creek two miles above  
Sabula, after many years. Though our  
visit was short we had a good time  
with our Christian friends and rela-  
tives at the Emmeline Church, where  
we met in reunion in songs of praise  
to our God.

Just an hour before church, in com-  
pany with A. A. Lewis, we took a  
walk through the cemetery, on a  
little knoll just across the road from  
the church. While on this little hill  
my mind went back to the day when  
I first saw this place. It was on this  
spot of ground where once stood a  
little box house, where I went to  
school to a Miss Jane Bollinger. They  
told me that she is yet living and in  
the far west in good health, and do-  
ing well.

So I hope that space will allow me  
a few more thoughts though some of  
them are very sad. The little school  
was taught in the fall of 1859—nearly  
58 years ago. So we can see what a  
change has taken place. The big pines  
that once so densely stood on the  
hills and valleys through the tops of  
which the wind blew and made that  
peculiar and lonesome sound, have all  
disappeared and gone, and other tim-  
ber and brush have taken their place.  
Just above this well remembered spot  
is where the old Ozark mills stood  
and ran, off and on, for more than 25  
years, manufacturing the first pine  
that grew in the valley and surround-  
ing hills and hauled to Pilot Knob.  
Some of the old teamsters are living  
yet.

Just a few more and then we will  
close. Now let us turn to the little  
school house and play ground—the  
saddest place of all our thoughts. This  
spot of ground that once contained  
the house and play ground where the  
children's laugh could be heard on the  
little hill has since been changed. Oh,  
how sad! It now contains fathers and  
mothers, brothers and sisters, friends  
and relatives. And many who went  
to this place to school are resting  
beneath its sod. Yes, our fathers  
and mothers are gone, our brothers  
and sisters and little children are  
gone. So let not our hearts be  
troubled. They can't come to us but  
we can go to them. And if we re-  
main here till that day the Lord said  
he would bring them with Him when  
he comes and we would ever be with  
Him.

JOHN SEAL, Annapolis Md.

### The Nest Egg must Go.

Nest eggs, either china ones or eggs  
laid by the hens and left in the nest  
as nest eggs, cause the loss of many  
good eggs during the summer.

Experiments show that where an  
egg is left in the nest, the hen fondles  
it, and in so doing, the broody in-  
stinct is stimulated, causing the hen  
to go broody oftener than where the  
egg is removed each day. Hens when  
broken from broodiness promptly, lose  
ten days' time in which they should be  
producing eggs. Without nest eggs,  
the hens will not go broody so often;  
so do not lose as much time.

The only excuse for using a nest

egg is to attract hens to the nest. This  
is unnecessary where a sufficient  
number of suitable nests are provided.  
In the National Egg Laying Contests  
conducted at this place during the  
past five years, the hens averaged 150  
eggs each and laid continuously in the  
same nests without nest eggs.

The hen's egg when used as a nest  
egg is usually spoiled itself which is  
that much lost unnecessarily. The  
spoiled nest egg is often gathered  
through mistake with good eggs and  
marketed, causing loss to the con-  
sumer.

A good rule to follow then is:  
"When broody hens are wanted,  
leave eggs in the nest; when not  
wanted remove all eggs."

Issued by the Missouri State Poul-  
try Experiment Station, Mountain  
Grove, Mo.

### Barbarity Outdone.

(Commercial Appeal, Memphis, Tenn.)  
In connection with the story that  
Germany's cry within her borders is  
for "fate and oils, oils and fate," to  
run her machinery, the following  
paragraph is going the rounds of the  
press:

A revolting story has been told in  
some of the British newspapers about  
the manner in which Germans have  
been disposing of their dead soldiers.  
It is told there is an oil factory near  
Coblentz, to which the bodies of the  
dead are taken and converted into  
fat, oils, fertilizers and food for hogs.  
It is too horrible for belief, but the  
story has been printed, and it is claim-  
ed admitted by some of the German  
newspapers.

If this is true, if by any possibility it  
COULD be true, then has "kultur"  
mixed her drink from the cesspool of  
antivilization and quaffed it from  
the skull cup of her dead self!

A country that could so treat the  
dead who died for her is lower in the  
scale of life than the vultures that  
feed upon the unburied bodies in the  
battle's wake.

Every American who ever read a  
line of Goethe or sang a stave of Wagn-  
er would be glad to know the state-  
ment was without color of fact.

### A Mother's Gratitude

Many a Mother in Ironton Will Ap-  
preciate the Following.

Many a strong man and many a  
healthy woman has much for which  
to thank mother. The care taken  
during their childhood brought them  
past the danger point and made them  
healthy men and women. Thousands  
of children are bothered with inco-  
ntinence of urine, and inability to re-  
tain it is oftentimes called a habit. It  
is not always the children's fault—in  
many cases the difficulty lies with the  
kidneys, and can be readily righted.  
An Ironton mother tells how she  
went about it.

Mrs. Anderson Rust, Ironton says:  
"One of my children suffered from  
weak kidneys and was caused much  
anxiety by too frequent passages  
of the kidney secretions, especially at  
night. I doctored the child and tried  
a lot of remedies but with no benefit.  
Finally Doan's Kidney Pills were  
tried and gave wonderful relief. This  
medicine regulated the kidney action  
and deserves endorsement."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Doan's  
Pills are a kidney remedy—get  
Doan's Kidney Pills at once from  
Mrs. Rust recommends. Foster-Mil-  
burn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

### County Buys Iron Mountain Chas.

(Farmington News.)  
At a special session of the County  
Court held on Tuesday afternoon a  
contract to purchase the entire supply  
of chas at Iron Mountain from the

Pleasant Valley Development Co., at  
25 cents a cubic yard, was authorized.  
E. E. McKee, president of the Pleas-  
ant Valley Co., and its principal own-  
er, was present and stated that he  
had an offer from the railway com-  
pany for the chas at 50 cents a cubic  
yard but that his company was de-  
veloping the famous Iron Mountain  
lake as a pleasure resort and realize  
the importance to them of having  
this material placed on the roads of  
the county. For this reason he said  
he would sell the chas to the county  
at half the price offered by the rail-  
road company and furthermore would  
donate free all of the chas needed in  
improving the public roads on the  
Iron Mountain property. He also  
said he expected to construct a three-  
mile driveway around the lake out of  
chas he would reserve for this pur-  
pose. The court acted very wisely,  
we think, purchasing these chas.  
Any one who has seen the roads in  
the vicinity of Iron Mountain knows  
what a superior road dressing ma-  
terial they are. They are said to be  
the best and most durable material  
for this purpose in the State.

### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be  
pleased to learn that there is at least one  
dreaded disease that science has been  
able to cure in all its stages, and that is  
Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only  
positive cure now known to the medical  
fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional  
disease, requires a constitutional treat-  
ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken in-  
ternally, acting directly upon the blood  
and mucous surfaces of the system, there-  
by destroying the foundation of the dis-  
ease, and giving the patient strength by  
building up the constitution and assisting  
nature in doing its work. The proprietors  
have so much faith in its curative pow-  
ers that they offer One Hundred Dollars  
for any case that it fails to cure. Send  
for list of testimonials.  
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.  
—Advertisement.

### Weather Report.

Meteorological Report of Coopera-  
tive Observer at Ironton, Iron County,  
Mo., for the week ending Tuesday,  
June 12, 1917:

Days of Week.	Day of Month.	Temp'ture Highest.	Lowest.	Precipitation.
Wednesday	6	80	69	
Thursday	7	85	66	
Friday	8	84	59	.06
Saturday	9	81	59	.70
Sunday	10	84	51	
Monday	11	85	55	
Tuesday	12	88	67	

NOTE.—The precipitation includes  
rain, hail, sleet and melted snow, and  
is recorded in inches and hundredths.  
Ten inches of snow equal one inch of  
rain. "T" indicates trace of precipi-  
tation. W. H. DULANE, Observer.

**DR. J. L. HICKMAN**  
State Deputy Veterinarian  
Office Attached All Rooms.  
Intensive Inspections Made.  
SEBAST, MO.  
Sick Hogs Investigated Free.

### R. G. PARMER

CONTRACTOR IN

Cobblestone, Cement and Granitoid.

IRONTON, MO.

Prompt Service, and Satisfaction is  
Guaranteed. Charges Reasonable.

### DR. KENNETH W. HOUSTON,

Dentist

Office . . . Over Gay & Kindell's

IRONTON, MO.

Hours 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

PHONES:

Office.....60

Residence.....32

Estimates Cheerfully Given.

### Order of Publication.

In the circuit court of Iron county, Missouri,  
in vacation, May 21, 1917.

The state of Missouri, at the relation and to  
the use of R. P. Burnham, collector of the  
revenue of Iron county, Missouri,  
against

Edward W. Schulze, if living, or the un-  
known consort, heirs and devisees of Ed-  
ward W. Schulze, if he be dead, defend-  
ants.

(Action to Enforce Lien for Taxes.)  
Now at this time comes the plaintiff, R. P.  
Burnham, collector of the revenue of Iron  
county, Missouri, and it appearing from his  
petition and affidavit, among other things,  
that the defendants,  
Edward W. Schulze, if living, or the un-  
known consort, heirs and devisees of Ed-  
ward W. Schulze, if he be dead, defend-  
ants, are non-residents of the state of Missouri,  
and that they cannot be served with sum-  
mons in said state;

It is, therefore, ordered by the clerk of the  
circuit court of Iron county, Missouri, in  
vacation, that publication be made notice of  
said defendants that an action has been  
commenced against them in the circuit  
court of said county, the object and genera-  
l nature of which is to enforce the lien of the  
state of Missouri on the following real estate,  
belonging to the said defendants, for back  
taxes for the year 1915, to wit:

Lot 2 in block 6 of the Murdock Crumb  
Company's subdivision of parts of sections  
29 and 32, township 34, north, of range 1, east,  
of section 21, township 34, north, of  
range 1 east, 10.52 acres, as shown by Mur-  
dock Crumb plat book 3, page 2. All of the  
above described land being subject to mort-  
gage reservation made by the Muddy Coal &  
Iron Company in book 35, page 241 Iron  
County Land Records—said real estate lying  
in Iron county, Missouri.

(An itemized statement in the nature of a  
tax bill showing the amount of taxes, in-  
terest and costs now due on said real estate  
for the year aforesaid, amounting in the  
aggregate to the sum of two and 99/100 dol-  
lars, is filed with said petition as provided  
by law.)

And unless they be and appear at the next  
term of said court to be holden for the  
county of Iron, and state of Missouri, at the  
court house in said county on the fourth  
Monday in October next, 1917, and on or  
before the third day thereof (if the term shall  
so long continue; and, if not, then before the  
day of the term and plead, answer or de-  
mand to said plaintiff's petition, the same  
will be taken as confessed, judgment re-  
quired in accordance with the prayer of  
said petition, and said real estate, or so  
much thereof as may be necessary to  
satisfy said judgment, interest and costs, be  
sold under a special fieri facias to be issued  
thereon.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be  
published according to law in the Iron  
County Register, a weekly newspaper  
published in said county of Iron, and state  
of Missouri.

JESSE M. HAWKINS, Circuit Clerk.  
A true copy from my hand and official seal  
(Seal)  
this 21st day of May, 1917.

JESSE M. HAWKINS, Clerk  
Circuit Court, Iron county, Mo.

### Public Administrator's Notice of Letters.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah Nichol-  
son, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given that I have taken  
charge of the estate of Sarah Nicholson,  
deceased, and that I did so on the 2d day of  
June, 1917, for the purpose of administering  
on the same.

All persons having claims against said es-  
tate are required to exhibit the same to the  
undersigned for allowance within the  
month after the date of said notice, or they  
may be precluded from any benefit of said  
estate; and if such claims are not exhibited  
within one year from the date of this publi-  
cation they will be forever barred.

THOMAS H. MARR,  
Public Administrator of Iron County, Mo.

Job Work, all kinds, at this office.